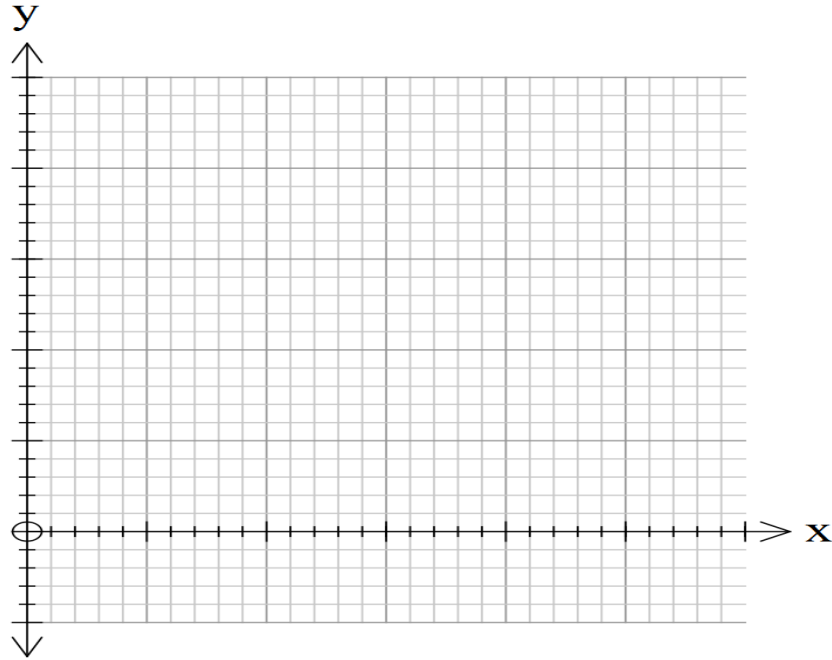


## 2018 SAC PREP 3

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John investigates a path of the form  $f(x) = -5px^2(2x - 3)^3, x \in \left[0, \frac{3}{2}\right]$ .

- a) Sketch a graph of the robot's path when  $p = 2$ .



- b) Find the average rate of change between  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$ .
- c) Sketch a graph of the derivative function  $f'(x)$  when  $p = 2$ , for a suitable domain. Turning points can be shown to three decimal places. State the domain.
- d) Find the coordinates, correct to 3 decimal places, of the point on the robot's path where the gradient is the same as the average rate of change found in **part b**).

- e) Find the angle  $\theta$  from the positive direction of the  $x$ -axis to the tangent to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = 1$ , measured in an anti-clockwise direction.

John wants the robot's path to be smooth and has decided that he wants the angle  $\theta$  from the positive direction of the  $x$ -axis to the tangent to the graph of  $f$  to always be less than  $75^\circ$ .

- f) Use a suitable method to determine if when  $p = 2$  this requirement is met.

- f) If the condition is not met, determine a suitable value of  $p$  that would achieve this requirement.

During some competitions more than one robot can be active in the demonstration area. One of the other robots brushes past John's robot (tangent) when  $x = 1$ . Return to the curve when  $p = 2$

- g) Determine the equation of the tangent at this point.
- h) An out of control robot, travelling in a straight line hits John's robot. Their paths are at right angles to each other. If they collide when  $x = 1$ , determine the equation of the other robot's path.
- i) Determine the equation of the tangent when  $x = a$ . Check your result on your CAS.