

Trial Examination 2011

VCE Legal Studies Units 3 & 4

Written Examination

Question and Answer Booklet

Reading time: 15 minutes

Writing time: 2 hours

Student's Name: _____

Teacher's Name: _____

Structure of Booklet

Number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Number of marks
18	18	70

Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners and rulers.

Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape.

No calculator is allowed in this examination.

Materials supplied

Question and answer booklet of 17 pages.

Additional script booklets as required.

Instructions

Write your **name** and your **teacher's name** in the space provided on this booklet(s).

You should make use of stimulus material where it is included. However, it is not intended that this material will provide you with all the information to fully answer the question.

All written responses must be in English.

At the end of the examination

Place all other used script booklets inside the front cover of this booklet and hand them in.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other electronic communication devices into the examination room.

Students are advised that this is a trial examination only and cannot in any way guarantee the content or the format of the 2011 VCE Legal Studies Units 3 & 4 Written Examination.

Neap Trial Exams are licensed to be photocopied or placed on the school intranet and used only within the confines of the school purchasing them, for the purpose of examining that school's students only. They may not be otherwise reproduced or distributed. The copyright of Neap Trial Exams remains with Neap. No Neap Trial Exam or any part thereof is to be issued or passed on by any person to any party inclusive of other schools, non-practising teachers, coaching colleges, tutors, parents, students, publishing agencies or websites without the express written consent of Neap.

Instructions

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided. In Question 16, answer either part **a.** or part **b.** Indicate which part, **a.** or **b.**, of Question 16 you have answered.

Question 1

Outline the structure of the Commonwealth Parliament.

1 mark

Question 2

A bill must pass through a number of stages in parliament before it becomes law.
One of these is proclamation.

Outline this stage.

1 mark

Question 3

You have studied various principles that assist the Australian parliamentary system operating in a democratic way. Responsible government is one of the principles you have studied.

Explain the principle of responsible government.

2 marks

Question 4

Media personality Derryn Hinch has always felt strongly about the need for more stringent laws in relation to sex offenders.

Outline **two** ways he may participate in influencing change in the law.

2 marks

Question 5

Explain **one** reason laws may need to change.

2 marks

Question 6

‘The *referral of powers* will impact on the law-making powers of Commonwealth Parliament.’

Explain this statement.

2 marks

Question 7

‘If not for the existence of a court hierarchy in our Australian legal system, the doctrine of precedent could not operate effectively.’

Explain **one** further reason for a court hierarchy.

2 marks

Question 8

The division of powers under the Australian Constitution identifies a number of specific powers in which the Commonwealth Parliament can make laws.

Supported by examples, **distinguish** between exclusive and concurrent powers.

3 marks

Question 11

While parliament is the recognised supreme law-maker, the courts play an important role through statutory interpretation.

Critically evaluate **one** other strength of parliament and **one** other strength of the courts as law-making bodies.

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

4 marks

Question 13

A surgeon carried out a hip replacement operation on Adrian and soon after went out to dinner. Hospital staff attempted to contact the surgeon concerned about the post-operation health of Adrian, but were unable to do so. Adrian subsequently died due to complications and his wife is seeking damages as a remedy from the doctor in the County Court, claiming negligence.

- a. Why would the case be heard in the County Court?

1 mark

- b. Describe and outline the purpose of **one** pre-trial procedure that may take place prior to the trial.

2 marks

- c. Outline **one** other remedy available to a plaintiff in a civil action.

1 mark

Question 16

Joe is on trial charged with murder and a jury has been empanelled for the case.

- a. Identify **two** courts that would have been involved in this case and the title of the person presiding over the case in each court.

First court: _____	Person presiding: _____
Second court: _____	Person presiding: _____

2 marks

- b. Explain **one** difference between the role of the jury and the role of the person presiding over this case at the trial.

2 marks

- c. Once the jury pool has been determined and has arrived at the court in which Joe is to go on trial, outline the process involved in empanelling the jury for this case.

3 marks

END OF QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOKLET

