

STUDENT NUMBER								Letter

2022

**CHINESE SECOND LANGUAGE ADVANCED
Practice Written Examination**

SAMPLE 1

Reading time: 15 minutes

Writing time: 2 hours

QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK

Structure of book

<i>Section</i>	<i>Number of questions</i>	<i>Number of questions to be answered</i>	<i>Number of marks</i>
1 – Part A	1	1	10
– Part B	1	1	10
2 – Part A	1	1	20
– Part B	1	1	15
3	4	1	20
			Total 75

- Students are permitted to bring into the examination room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners, rulers and any printed monolingual and/or bilingual dictionary in one or two separate volumes. Dictionaries may be consulted during the reading time and also during the examination.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the examination room: blank sheets of paper and/or correction fluid/tape.
- No calculator is allowed in this examination.

Materials supplied

- Questions and answer book, including **Assessment criteria on the back page.**

Instructions

- Write your student number in the space provided above on this page.
- Write all your answers in the spaces provided in this question and answer book. The spaces provided give you an idea of how much you should write.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorized electronic devices into the examination room.

Sample One

SECTION 1

Part A -- Listening and Responding in English

Instructions for Section 1 – Part A

Text 1, Question 1 (10 marks)

You will hear one text. The text will be played twice. There will be a short break between the first and second playings of the text. You may make notes at any time.

Listen carefully to the text and answer the questions in **ENGLISH**.

All answers **must** be based on the text.

TEXT 1 – Answer the following questions in **ENGLISH**.

Responses in the wrong language will receive no credit.

You may make
notes in this space.

Question 1

- a. What does the man want to find out?

1 mark

- b. How can the man get to the destination?

6 marks

- c. What happened to the woman when she was travelling in Australia last year and why?

3 marks

End of Part A—Section 1 continued

Part B – Listening and responding in Chinese**Instructions for Section 1 – Part B****Text 2, Question 2** (10 marks)

You will hear one text. The text will be played twice. There will be a short break between the first and second playings of the text. You may make notes at any time.

Listen carefully to the text and answer the questions in **CHINESE**.

All answers **must** be based on the text.

TEXT 2 – Answer the following questions in CHINESE.

Responses in the wrong language will receive no credit.

You may make notes
in this space.

Question 2

- a. In terms of weather, what kind of city is Kunming?

根据天气特点，昆明市是怎样的一个城市？ /

根據天氣特點，昆明市是怎樣的一個城市？

1 mark

- b. What is the weather like in summer in Kunming?

昆明夏天的天气怎么样？ / 昆明夏天的天氣怎麼樣？

5 marks

- c. Why do many Northern Chinese travel to Kunming in winter or spend winter time in Kunming?

为什么许多北方人在冬季去昆明旅游或者过冬？ /

為什麼許多北方人在冬季去昆明旅遊或者過冬？

4 marks

kù shǔ

酷暑

End of Section 1

SECTION 2

Part A –Reading, listening and responding in English.

Instructions for Section 2 – Part A

Texts 3A and 3B, Question 3 (20 marks)

You have five minutes to read Text 3A.

At the end of the five minutes, Text 3B, a listening text, will be played. The text will be played twice. There will be a short break between the first and second playings of the text. You may make notes at any time.

Answer the questions in **English**. Questions may relate to either Text 3A or Text 3B, or to both texts.

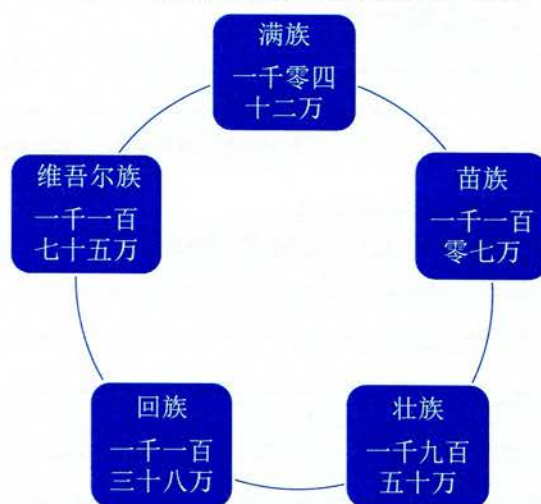
All the answers **must** be based on the texts.

TEXT 3A

Simplified form characters

You may make notes in this space.

中国 5 大少数民族人口统计



(根据 2021 年中国人口普查数据)

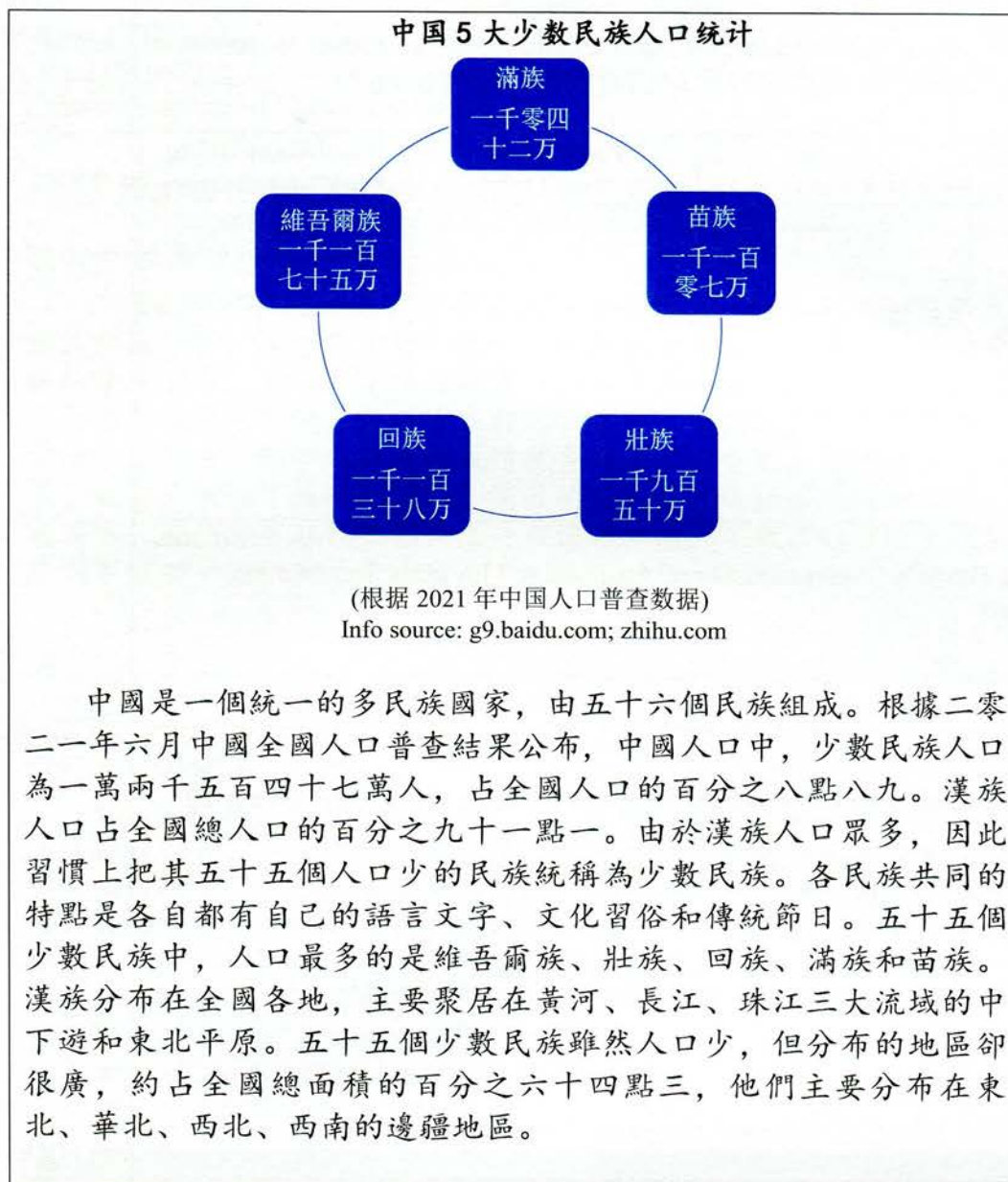
Info source: g9.baidu.com; zhihu.com

中国是一个统一的多民族国家，由五十六个民族组成。根据二零二一年六月中国全国人口普查结果公布，中国人口中，少数民族人口为一万两千五百四十七万人，占全国人口的百分之八点八九。汉族人口占全国总人口的百分之九十一。由于汉族人口众多，因此习惯上把其五十五个民族统称为少数民族。各民族共同的特点是各自都有自己的语言文字、文化习俗和传统节日。五十五个少数民族中，人口最多的是维吾尔族、壮族、回族、满族和苗族。汉族分布在全国各地，主要聚居在黄河、长江、珠江三大流域的中下游和东北平原。五十五个少数民族虽然人口少，但分布的地区却很广，约占全国总面积的百分之六十四点三，他们主要分布在东北、华北、西北、西南的边疆地区。

SECTION A – Part A continued

Full form characters

You may make notes
in this space.



TEXTS 3A and 3B – Answer the following questions in **ENGLISH**.

Responses in the wrong language will receive no credit.

Question 3

- a. Provide details of the first 3 largest minor ethnic groups according to the population, from the largest (Text 3A, Text 3B and Diagram).

Order	Name	Population	Inhabitant/living Area Distribution
1			
2			
3			

9 marks

- b. What did David's Chinese teacher in Australia tell his class about China (Text 3B)?

2 marks

- c. What is the implied meaning of the words in the song mentioned in Text 3B?

2 marks

- d. Summarise the key aspects of information on China provided in Text 3A.

7 marks

You may make
notes in this space.

End of Part A
SECTION 2 – continued

Part B – Reading and responding in Chinese**Instructions for Section 2 – Part B****Text 4, Question 4 (15 marks)**

Read the text and answer the questions in approximately 200 characters in **CHINESE** on Pages 9 and 10. Your response **must** be based on the text.

TEXT 4 – Answer the following questions in complete sentences in **CHINESE**.

Responses in the wrong language will receive no credit.

Simplified form characters

俗话说得好，“一寸光阴一寸金，寸金难买寸光阴”。如果医生们能赢得几分钟，甚至几秒钟的时间，就能成功地救活一个患者的生命。在抢险救灾中，救灾人员前去救援时，一步都不愿意慢下来，因为或许多一秒钟就能从危险中救出一条鲜活的生命。要是学生能善用时间、争分夺秒地学习，那学习效果 and 成绩就会是不言而喻的。懂得利用时间的人，就等于掌握了成功的窍门。高效的时间管理者能够持续地攀登人生的高峰，虽然会有起伏但整体上是前进的方向，而低效的时间管理者做事则事倍功半，一生平平庸庸。

yōng

庸

Full form characters

俗話說得好，「一寸光陰一寸金，寸金難買寸光陰」。如果醫生們能贏得幾分鐘，甚至幾秒鐘的時間，就能成功地救活一個患者的生命。在搶險救災中，救災人員前去救援時，一步都不願意慢下來，因為或許多一秒鐘就能從危險中救出一條鮮活的生命。要是學生能善用時間、爭分奪秒地學習，那學習效果和成績就會是不言而喻的。懂得利用時間的人，就等於掌握了成功的竅門。高效的時間管理者能夠持續地攀登人生的高峰，雖然會有起伏但整體上是前進的方向，而低效的時間管理者做事則事倍功半，一生平平庸庸。

yōng

庸

You may make notes in this space.

Question 4

You are Antony, the Captain of your Year 12 Chinese class. You are going to speak to your class on the topic of “Do not waste the time”. Read Text 4, then write your speech now.

你是安东尼，是你们十二年级中文班的班长。你要给你班的同学做一个演讲，题目是“请不要荒废时间”。阅读第四课课文，然后写你的演讲稿。

/

你是安東尼，是你們十二年級中文班的班長。你要給你班的同學做一個演講，題目是「請不要荒廢時間」。閱讀第四課课文，然後寫你的演講稿。

You may make notes in this space.

You may make notes in this space

Write your response to Question 4 on the following pages.

SECTION 2 – Part B – continued

SECTION 3: Writing in Chinese**Instructions for Section 3****Questions 5-8 (20 marks)**

Answer **one** question in **300-350** characters in **CHINESE**.

Responses in the wrong language will receive no credit.

Space is provided on the following page for you to make notes.

Question 5

Your Chinese class teacher Mr. Wang has asked your class to do a research project on Chinese traditional customs. You have finished yours. Now write a report to Mr. Wang on the three customs that impressed you most.

你们中文班的王老师让你们班做了一个有关中国传统习俗的研究课题。你已经做好了。现在把给你印象最深的三个传统习俗用报告的形式写给王老师。/

你們中文班的王老師讓你們班做了一個有關中國傳統習俗的研究課題。你已經做好了。現在把給你印象最深的三個傳統習俗用報告的形式寫給王老師。

OR

Question 6

You and your dad built a flower garden at the back yard of your new house during the holidays. Write an email to your friend Mark on your experience in building the garden with your dad and your feelings.

你在假期里和爸爸一起在你们新家的后院建起了一个小花园。给你的朋友马克写一封邮件描述你和爸爸建花园的经历以及你的感受。/

你在假期裏和爸爸一起在你們新家的後院建起了一個小花園。給你的朋友馬克寫一封郵件描述你和爸爸建花園的經歷以及你的感受。

OR

Question 7

The Chinese government has decided to ban off-campus tutoring classes in China to reduce students' study load. Write an article for the newspaper "Education" on the two sides of banning off-campus tutoring classes.

为了减轻学生的学习负担，中国政府决定取消校外辅导班。现在给“教育”报写一篇文章，谈谈取消校外辅导班的两面性。/

為了減輕學生的學習負擔，中國政府決定取消校外輔導班。現在給「教育」報寫一篇文章，談談取消校外輔導班的兩面性。

OR

Question 8

Based on the image below write an imaginative story for a book called ‘Telling your stories’.

根据下面的图片给“讲故事”一书写一篇想象性的故事。/

根據下面的圖片給「講故事」一書寫一篇想象性的故事。



Source: 51miz.com

You may make notes in this space.

SECTION 3 - continued

(17x15)

END OF SAMPLE 1