

Website: contoureducation.com.au | Phone: 1800 888 300

Email: hello@contoureducation.com.au

# VCE Mathematical Methods ½ Probability [3.1]

**Homework** 

#### Admin Info & Homework Outline:

Student Name	
Questions You Need Help For	
Compulsory Questions	Pg 2 — Pg 15



# Section A: Compulsory Questions



# <u>Sub-Section [3.1.1]</u>: Sample Space, Uncertainty and Equally Likely Events

Question 1
A bag contains red, blue, and green marbles. There are 4 red, 3 blue, and 5 green marbles. A marble is chosen at random.
Find the probability that the marble is green or blue.
Question 2
A six-sided die is rolled, and the sample space is $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . Let event $A = \{2, 4, 6\}$ (rolling an even number) and event $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ (rolling a number less than 5).
Find $Pr(A \cap B)$ .
Space for Personal Notes



Question 3
A biased coin is tossed, and the probability of landing on heads is $p$ . If two independent tosses are made, the probability of getting exactly one head is $0.48$ .
Find the possible value(s) of $p$ .
<del></del>
Conso for Developal Notes
Space for Personal Notes





## Sub-Section [3.1.2]: Venn Diagrams and Karnaugh Tables

#### Question 4

For two events A and B, answer the following:

**a.** Given that Pr(A) = 0.4, Pr(B) = 0.5, and  $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.2$ , find  $Pr(A \cup B)$ .

**b.** In a certain experiment,  $Pr(A \cup B) = 0.7$ , Pr(A) = 0.5, and  $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.3$ . Find Pr(B).

c. If Pr(A') = 0.6,  $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.25$ , and  $Pr(A \cup B) = 0.75$ , find Pr(B).



Qu	Question 5	
a.	In a class of students, 40% play basketball, 50% play soccer, and 20% play both sports. A student is chosen at random.	
	Find the probability that the student plays either basketball or soccer.	
b.	Students at a school are surveyed about whether they like chocolate or vanilla ice cream. 60% of the students like chocolate, 45% like vanilla, and 25% like both flavours. A student is selected at random.	
	Find the probability that the student likes at least one of the two flavours.	
c.	A survey found that 70% of people use public transport while 55% use ride-sharing services. If 90% use at least one of the services, find the probability that a randomly chosen person uses both of the transport options.	



# **Question 6** In a survey of 200 students, they were asked whether they studied Mathematics (M) and/or Physics (P). The following probabilities are known: The probability that a randomly selected student studies Mathematics is x. The probability that a randomly selected student studies Physics is y. The probability that a student studies both subjects is 0.25. The probability that a student studies at least one of the two subjects is 0.85. The probability that a student studies Mathematics but not Physics is 0.4. Find the values of x and y.

S





## Sub-Section [3.1.3]: Independent and Mutually Exclusive Events

#### **Question 7**



Determine whether the following pairs of events are independent, mutually exclusive, both, or neither.

**a.**  $Pr(A) = 0.4, Pr(B) = 0.3, and <math>Pr(A \cap B) = 0.12.$ 

**b.**  $Pr(A) = 0.5, Pr(B) = 0.4, and <math>Pr(A \cap B) = 0.$ 

**c.**  $Pr(A) = 0.6, Pr(B) = 0.5, and <math>Pr(A \cap B) = 0.3.$ 



-
3



a.	Given $Pr(A) = 0.2$ and $Pr(B) = a$ , find the value of a for which A and B are independent, given that $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.08$ .	
b.	Given $Pr(A) = 0.3$ and $Pr(B) = a$ , find the value of $a$ for which $A$ and $B$ are mutually exclusive, given $Pr(A \cup B) = 0.5$ .	tha
c.	Given A and B are independent with $Pr(A) = 0.4$ and $Pr(B) = 0.5$ , find $Pr(A' \cap B')$ .	



#### **Question 9**



For two events *A* and *B*, it is given that:

- ightharpoonup Pr(A) = a + 0.1
- ightharpoonup Pr(B) = 0.6
- $Pr(A \cap B) = a^2 0.2a$

The events A and B are independent. Find the possible value of a.






## Sub-Section [3.1.4]: Tree Diagram and Conditional Probability

#### **Question 10**



**a.** Given  $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.2$  and Pr(B) = 0.5, find Pr(A|B).

**b.** Given  $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.15$  and Pr(A) = 0.6, find Pr(B|A).

**c.** Given Pr(A') = 0.4, Pr(B') = 0.5, and  $Pr(A' \cap B') = 0.3$ , find Pr(A'|B').

# ONTOUREDUCATION VCE Methods ½ Questions? Message +61 440 138 726

$\sim$	4.	1	-
	OCTION		
Vu	estion	1	J



For each of the following, determine the requested probability given additional conditions.

**a.** Given Pr(A) = 0.4, Pr(B) = 0.5, and A and B are independent, find Pr(B'|A).

**b.** Given Pr(A) = 0.3, Pr(B) = 0.7, and A and B are mutually exclusive, find Pr(A'|B).

c. Given Pr(A) = 0.6, Pr(B) = 0.5, and  $Pr(A \cap B) = 0.3$ , find Pr(B'|A).



<b>Question</b>	12
Question	



A company produces batteries from three different factories. The percentage of batteries that come from each factory are: 40% from Factory X, 35% from Factory Y, and 24% from Factory Z.

The percentage of defective batteries from each factory is:

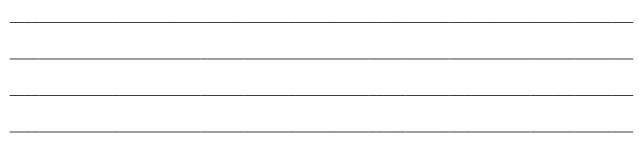
- $\rightarrow \frac{1}{5}$  of X's batteries.
- $\rightarrow \frac{1}{7}$  of Y's batteries.
- $\rightarrow \frac{1}{8}$  of Z's batteries.

a.	This the probability that a randomly chosen battery is defective.

b.	If a battery is defective, find the probability that it came from the Factory X.

if a battery is defective, find the probability that it came from the ractory X.					

c.	Suppose now that only $\frac{1}{m}$ of $X$ 's batteries are defective. Given that 30% of all defective batteries come from Factory $X$ , determine the value of $m$ .







# **Sub-Section**: The 'Final Boss'

Question 13							
A special deck of 20 cards consist of 4 red, 6 blue, 5 green, and 5 yellow cards, numbered 1 to 20. A game involves drawing one card at random and flipping a fair coin.							
Assume that a card's number and its colour are independent.							
a.	ı <b>.</b>						
<b>i.</b> F	Find the probability that a randomly drawn card is blue or even-numbered.						
_							
_							
_							
_							
_							
_							
ii. (	Given that a drawn card is not yellow, find the probability that it is red.						
-							
_							
-							
_							



Define the following events:

- ➤ A: The event that the card is red or blue.
- B: The event that the card has a prime number.

Also, suppose that the cards have been shuffled in a non-random way so that the colour and number on the card are **no longer** independent events.

b.

i. Find Pr(A) and Pr(B).

ii. It is known that  $Pr(B \mid A) = \frac{3}{5}$ . Determine  $Pr(A \cap B)$ .

**iii.** Show that events *A* and *B* are not mutually exclusive.



#### VCE Methods ½ Questions? Message +61 440 138 726

A card		f				
the coin	i. What is the probability that the same card is drawn twice?					
ii.	If a red card was drawn first, find the probability that the second card is not red.					
Space	for Personal Notes					



Website: contoureducation.com.au | Phone: 1800 888 300 | Email: hello@contoureducation.com.au

### VCE Mathematical Methods ½

# Free 1-on-1 Support

#### Be Sure to Make The Most of These (Free) Services!

- Experienced Contour tutors (45+ raw scores, 99+ ATARs).
- For fully enrolled Contour students with up-to-date fees.
- After school weekdays and all-day weekends.

1-on-1 Video Consults	<u>Text-Based Support</u>		
<ul> <li>Book via <u>bit.ly/contour-methods-consult-2025</u> (or QR code below).</li> <li>One active booking at a time (must attend before booking the next).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Message +61 440 138 726 with questions.</li> <li>Save the contact as "Contour Methods".</li> </ul>		

Booking Link for Consults
bit.ly/contour-methods-consult-2025



Number for Text-Based Support +61 440 138 726

