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VCE Mathematical Methods ½
Functions & Relations II [2.2]

**Test** 

24 Marks. 29 Minutes Writing.

#### **Results:**

Test Questions	/ 24
Extension Questions	/3





## Section A: Test Questions (24 Marks)

Question 1 (4 marks)

Tick whether the following statements are **True** or **False**.

	Statement	True	False
a.	A function's domain will always be its maximal domain.		
b.	The expression inside a square root can only be positive.		
c.	All hybrid functions must "join together", i.e., be continuous.		
d.	$f: D \to R, f(x) = x^2 + 4$ has a range of $R$ .		
e.	A function and its inverse are always symmetrical around $y = x$ .		
f.	A relation needs to be one to one, for it to have an inverse relation.		
g.	A function needs to be one to one, for it to have an inverse function.		
h.	Instead of equating $f(x)$ with its inverse to find the intersection between $f(x)$ and $f^{-1}(x)$ , we can equate $f(x)$ to $y = x$ most of the time.		

Space	for	Personal	Notes



Question 2 (4 marks)

State the implied domain and range for each of the relations below.

**a.**  $y = 1 - \sqrt{1 - x}$ . (2 marks)

**b.**  $y = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 1}$ . (2 marks)

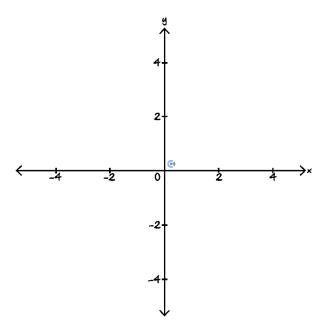
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Question 3 (6 marks)

A function g(x) is defined as,

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 + 1, & x \le 0\\ (x - 2)^2 - 1, & 0 < x < 3\\ 3, & x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

**a.** Draw the graph of y = g(x) on the axes below. (3 marks)



**b.** State the number of solutions to  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}$ . (1 mark)

**c.** State the range of g(x). (1 mark)

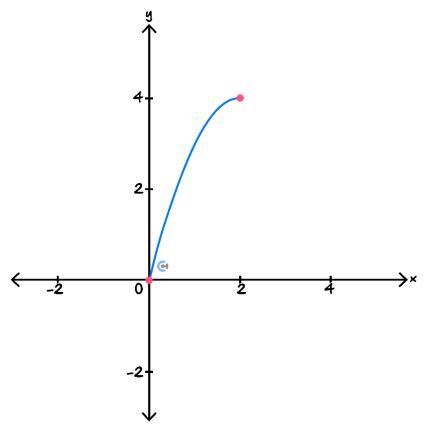
**d.** Solve the equation g(x) = 3. (1 mark)



Question 4 (10 marks)				
Consider the function $f: [0, a] \to R$ , $f(x) = -(x - 2)^2 + 4$ .				
<b>a.</b> Find the largest value of $a$ such that the inverse function $f^{-1}$ exists. (1 mark)				
<b>b.</b> State the domain and range of the inverse of $f$ . (2 marks)				
c. Determine the equation of the inverse function $f^{-1}$ . (3 marks)				



**d.** The graph of f is shown on the graph below. On the same set of axes, sketch accurately the graph of the inverse of f. (3 marks)



**e.** Find an intersection point between f and  $f^{-1}$ . (1 mark)

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# Section B: Extension Questions (3 Marks)

Question 5 (3 marks)				
Consider the function below.				
$f: [0,3] \to R, f(x) = x^2 - 6x + k$ , where $k > 0$				
Find the value(s) of $k$ such that $f$ and $f^{-1}$ never intersect.				
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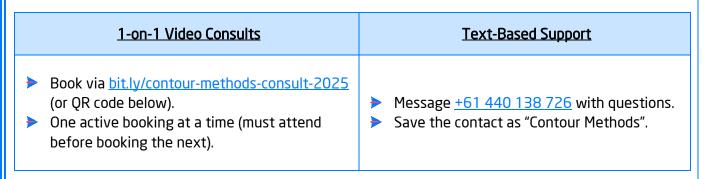
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