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VCE Chemistry ½ Stoichiometry [2.3]

Homework

Admin Info & Homework Outline:

Student Name	
Questions You Need Help For	
Compulsory Questions	Pg 2 – Pg 13
Supplementary Questions	Pg 14 – Pg 27



Section A: Compulsory Questions (54 Marks)

<u>Sub-Section [2.3.1]</u>: Write Balanced Chemical Equations, Including Combustion

Question 1 (1 mark)



Balance the equation where H₂ gas reacts with oxygen gas to form water.

Question 2 (4 marks)



Balance the following equations:

a. Fe + $O_2 \rightarrow Fe_2O_3$. (1 mark)

b. $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + O_2$. (1 mark)

 $\textbf{c.} \quad \mathsf{AgNO}_3 + \mathsf{Na}_2 \mathsf{SO}_4 \to \mathsf{Ag}_2 \mathsf{SO}_4 + \mathsf{NaNO}_3. \ (1 \ \mathsf{mark})$

d. $Pb(NO_3)_2 + KI \rightarrow PbI_2 + KNO_3$. (1 mark)



Question 3 (4 marks)	الأوال
Balance the following combustion equations:	
a. Propane's complete combustion. (2 marks)	
b. Octane's complete combustion. (2 marks)	

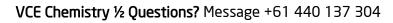
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<u>Sub-Section [2.3.2]</u>: Apply Stoichiometry to Find the Amount of Another Substance Used/Produced

Question 4 (2 marks)
Given the equation:
$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3$
If 4.00 moles of hydrogen gas react, how many moles of ammonia would be produced?
Question 5 (4 marks)
Given the following equation:
$Zn + 2HCl \rightarrow ZnCl_2 + H_2$
a. If 15.0 <i>g</i> of Zn reacts with excess hydrochloric acid, how many grams of hydrogen gas would be produced? (2 marks)
b. If $2.00 g$ of H_2 gas was produced, then how much zinc was reacted in the first place, in grams? (2 marks)





nestion 6 (4 marks)		
Given the combustion of 10.56 g of propane, C_3H_8 , calculate the total mass of gases released, assuming the reaction occurred at 120°C.		
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<u>Sub-Section [2.3.3]</u>: Identify the Limiting Reagent When Reactants' Amounts are Known

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Question 7 (2 marks)	
Consider the reaction:	
$Na_2CO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow 2NaCl + H_2O + CO_2$	
There are $10.00 g$ of Na_2CO_3 and $6.00 g$ of HCl. Determine what the limiting and excess reagents are.	
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Qu	estion 8 (4 marks)	Ó
Coı	nsider the following reaction:	
	$AlCl_3 + 3LiOH \rightarrow Al(OH)_3 + 3LiCl$	
The	ere are 2.50 mol of AlCl ₃ , and 5.50 mol of LiOH.	
a.	What are the limiting and excess reagents? (2 marks)	
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b.	Find the mass of LiCl and Al(OH) ₃ formed. (2 marks)	
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Consider the following reaction:

$$Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$$

There are 12.00 g of Fe_2O_3 and 6.00 g of CO.

a. What are the limiting and excess reagents? (2 marks)

b. Find the mass of Fe and CO₂ formed. (2 marks)

c. In another experiment, if 12.58 g of CO_2 was formed then how much Fe_2O_3 was reacted initially in grams? (2 marks)





<u>Sub-Section [2.3.4]</u>: Apply Limiting Reagent to Calculate the Mass of Product(s) Formed, & the Amount of Excess Reagent Leftover

	€
nestion 10 (3 marks)	
ven the following reaction:	
$Al + HCl \rightarrow AlCl_3 + H_2$	
Balance the equation. (1 mark)	
A sample of 4.00 moles of Al and 10.00 moles of HCl reacts. What is the amount of HCl left? (2 marks)	
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•	Al + HCl → AlCl ₃ + H ₂ Balance the equation. (1 mark) A sample of 4.00 moles of Al and 10.00 moles of HCl reacts. What is the amount of HCl left? (2 marks)



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Consider the reaction:

$$Na_2CO_3 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow 2NaNO_3 + CO_2 + H_2O$$

a. Which is the excess and limiting reagent, given that there are 45 grams of Na2CO₃ and 30 grams of HNO₃? (2 marks)

b. What is the amount of excess reagent left over in grams? (2 marks)



Question 12 (6 marks)



Given the following reaction:

$$H_2SO_4(aq) + 2NaOH(aq) \rightarrow Na_2SO_4(aq) + 2H_2O(l)$$

- a. If there are 3.20 g of sulphuric acid, H₂SO₄, and 3.28 g of NaOH, find the limiting reagent. (3 marks)
 b. What mass of the excess reagent will be left over? (2 marks)
- c. What is the percentage of the excess reagent that was used in this reaction? (1 mark)



Sub-Section: The 'Final Boss'



Question 13 (10 marks)



Given the following reaction:

$$P_4S_3(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow P_4O_6(g) + SO_2(g)$$

- **a.** Balance the above reaction. (1 mark)
- **b.** If 3.00 *g* of P₄S₃ is reacted, then how much SO₂ gas would be produced? (2 marks)

c. If there is 10.37 g of P_4S_3 and 9.62 g of oxygen gas, which is the limiting and excess reagent? (3 marks)

- **d.** Find the mass of P₄O₆ produced. (2 marks)



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e.	How much of the excess reagent, in <i>mol</i> , is left at the end of the reaction? (2 marks)
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Section B: Supplementary Questions (81 Marks)



Sub-Section [2.3.1]: Write Balanced Chemical Equations, **Including Combustion**

Question 14 (1 mark)



Balance the equation where CH₄ reacts with oxygen gas to form carbon dioxide and water.

Question 15 (4 marks)



Balance the following equations:

a. $KClO_3 \rightarrow KCl + O_2$. (1 mark)

b. $CH_3OH + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O + CO_2$. (1 mark)

c. $Ca(OH)_2 + HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O.$ (1 mark)

d. $AgCl + Mg(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow MgCl_2 + AgNO_3$. (1 mark)



Question 16 (4 marks)	الألا
Balance the following combustion equations:	
a. Ethanol's complete combustion. (2 marks)	
b. Decane's complete combustion. (2 marks)	
Question 17 (7 marks)	الالالا
Consider the combustion equation of butanol.	
a Write the balanced equation, assuming that CO, and H. O is produced (2 marks)	

b.	Now, consider when CO and H ₂ O is produced. (1 mark)
c.	Why is it suggested that we balance carbon last in a chemical equation generally? (2 marks)



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ł.	A student argues that we can have more matter at the end of a reaction as we are inputting energy into the reaction system as a combustion reaction usually results in our fuel disappearing over time. Evaluate this statement. (2 marks)
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<u>Sub-Section [2.3.2]</u>: Apply Stoichiometry to Find the Amount of Another Substance Used/Produced

Que	estion 18 (2 marks)
Giv	en the equation:
	$2KClO_3 \rightarrow 2KCl + 3O_2$
If 5	.50 moles of KClO ₃ reacts, then how much oxygen gas would be produced, in moles?
Que	estion 19 (4 marks)
Giv	en the following equation:
	$2Al_2O_3 \rightarrow 4Al + 3O_2$
a.	If $7.00 g$ of Al_2O_3 decomposes, how many grams of O_2 gas would be produced? (2 marks)
b.	If 3.00 g of oxygen gas was produced, how much Al_2O_3 would've been needed, in grams? (2 marks)

Question 20 (4 marks)



Given the combustion of 8.49 g of propanol, C_3H_7OH , calculate the total mass of gases released, assuming the reaction occurred at $120^{\circ}C$.

Question 21 (9 marks)



Consider the following chemical equation:

$$H_3PO_4 + KOH \rightarrow K_3PO_4 + H_2O$$

a. Balance the above equation as it is currently unbalanced. (1 mark)

b. If 665.42 g of phosphoric acid (H_3PO_4) reacted, how many moles of water w	ere produced? (2 marks
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c.	Cor	nsider if 8.15 mol of K ₃ PO ₄ was produced.
	i.	How many moles of phosphoric acid were used up? (2 marks)
	ii.	How much water was also produced? (2 marks)
	iii.	What is the mass of KOH required to get this amount of K ₃ PO ₄ ? (2 marks)
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<u>Sub-Section [2.3.3]</u>: Identify the Limiting Reagent When Reactants' Amounts are Known

Question 22 (2 marks)	
Consider the reaction:	
$Ca(OH)_2 + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + 2H_2O$	
There are $13.00 g$ of $Ca(OH)_2$ and $5.00 g$ of HCl, determine what the limiting and excess reagents are.	
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Question 23 (4 marks)



9.55~g of Na_3PO_4 and 7.31~g of $CaCl_2$ are mixed and allowed to react according to this equation:

$$2Na_3PO_4 + 3CaCl_2 \rightarrow Ca_3(PO_4)_2 + 6NaCl$$

a. Which reactant is the limiting reagent? Which reactant is in excess? (2 marks)

b. What is the mass of $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$ that is formed? (2 marks)

Question 24 (6 marks)



Consider the following reaction:

$$N_2 + 3H_2 \rightarrow 2NH_3$$

There are 14.00 g of N_2 and 4.00 g of H_2 .

a. What are the limiting and excess reagents? (2 marks)

b. Find the mass of NH_3 formed. (2 marks)

In another experiment, if 25.5 g of NH₃ was formed, how much H₂ was used initially in grams? (2 marks)



Qι	Question 25 (9 marks)					
Co	Consider the combustion reaction of pentane at 200°C.					
a.	Wr	rite the fully balanced reaction. (1 mark)				
b.	Co	onsider in an experiment we had $44.00 g$ of pentane and $160.00 g$ of oxygen gas.				
	i.	What are the limiting and excess reagents? (2 marks)				
	Per	ntane is the limiting reagent and oxygen gas is the excess.				
	ii.	What is the mass of gases formed? (2 marks)				
	iii.	Is this the same as the total mass of gases left over at the end of the reaction? (2 marks)				



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. I	n another experiment, if $88.00 g$ of CO_2 was formed, how much O_2 was used initially in grams? (2 marks)
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<u>Sub-Section [2.3.4]</u>: Apply Limiting Reagent to Calculate the Mass of Product(s) Formed, & the Amount of Excess Reagent Leftover

estion 26 (3 marks)
ven the following reaction:
$CaCl_2 + NaOH \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + NaCl$
Balance the equation. (1 mark)
A sample of 5.00 moles of CaCl ₂ and 5.00 moles of NaOH reacts. What is the amount of CaCl ₂ that would be left over? (2 marks)
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Question	27	(6	marks)
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An experiment is conducted according to the following equation:

$$MnS + 2HCl \rightarrow H_2S + MnCl_2$$

If a sample contained 50.00 g of MnS and 26.00 g of HCl, determine the excess and limiting reagent. (2 marks

a.	Which is the excess and limiting reagent? (2 marks)

b.	What is the amount left of the reactants? (2 marks)
Qu	nestion 28 (7 marks)
Giv	ven the following reaction:
	$3\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3(s) + 2\text{HCl}(aq) \rightarrow 6\text{NaCl}(aq) + 3\text{CO}_2(g) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(l)$
a.	Given that there was $9.40 g$ of sodium carbonate and $8.90 g$ of hydrogen chloride, find the limiting and excess reagents. (3 marks)
The	erefore, the sodium carbonate is limiting, and hydrogen chloride is excess.
b.	Find the mass of NaCl and CO ₂ that will be produced. (2 marks)

c. What is the mass of the excess reagent left over? (2 marks)

Question 29 (9 marks)



Given the following reaction:

$$4NH_3(g) + 5O_2(g) \rightarrow 4NO(g) + 6H_2O(g)$$

a. Given that there was 5.03 g of NH₃ and 3.45 g of O₂, find the limiting and excess reagents. (2 marks)

- **b.** After the reaction is completed, some of the excess reagent remains.
 - i. Find the amount of excess reagent that is left over. (2 marks)

ii. Find the mass of the excess reagent that is left over. (1 mark)



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iii. Find the mass of gases produced. (2 marks)
What is the amount, in grams, of the current limiting reagent we need to add to turn the reaction into one where the reactants fully react? (2 marks)
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